## Loops and Swirls Bracelet Tutorial



## Difficulty: Intermediate

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## Wubbers featured Tools:

- Baby Wubbers Round Nose Pliers
- Baby Wubbers Chain Nose Pliers
- Baby Wubbers Flat Nose Pliers
- Wubbers Looping Pliers


## Additional Tools

- Italian Made Super Flush Cutters
- Ruler


## Materinls

- 20-gauge, dead soft wire-approximately 7 feet
- Lobster Clasp (12mm) with jump ring
- Rondelle Beads, $6 \mathrm{~mm} \times 8 \mathrm{~mm}$ (12 beads for a 7 3/4" bracelet)



## Shfeit mbrnings

Please remember to always wear safety glasses $\because$ when working with wire.

## Loops \& Swirls Bracelet

The Loops \& Swirls Bracelet is the perfect project to create with your Baby Wubbers and your Wubbers Looping Pliers, and will make a wonderful accessory that you will find yourself wearing almost every day. Make several of these bracelets in a variety of colors. Then, coordinate two or three with your outfit of the day, stack them on your wrist, and you're ready to go.


Using a pair of Baby Wubbers Chain Nose Pliers, grip the short end of the wire, cropping as shown. Pull snugly up against the edge of the concave jaw of the Looping Pliers. This will ensure that your loop is properly sized and perfectly round.

## Step 3: Continucd



Save time and frustration by investing in a quality pair of cutters such as the Italian Super Flush Cutters. A nice flush cut should be perfectly flat, with no points or jagged edges. This will make your finished jewelry look much nicer and will significantly reduce your filing and finishing time.

Holding the wire tight; wrap the short end of the wire around the longer a total of $21 / 2$ times.

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## Stcp 6



Grip the end of the wire and bend it until it touches the side of the bead as demonstrated.

You will notice that the
 edge of the jaw of the pliers still touches the bead. You will need room to form a wrap, so open the jaws of your Looping Pliers and slide the bead over until you have room to form your wrap.

Grip the end of the wire with your Baby Wubbers Chain Nose Pliers, cross it up next to the edge of the jaw of the Wubbers Looping Pliers. Keeping the wire taut as you wrap will allow the wire to glide into place, forming a perfect wrap. There should be enough room to wrap approximately $2 \frac{1}{2}$ times. If a little more space is needed for the wrap, give the bead a quick tug, and this will allow for additional space to wrap.

## Stop 8

Now you have both ends of your first bead wrapped, completing one component of the bracelet.


To add a second bead to one of the loops of the first bead component, start by repeating Steps 1 and 2. Before crossing the wire to begin the wrap, slide one loop of the first component onto the wire.

## Sticp 10

Turn your pliers over and hold them at an angle so that the " $V$ " points upwards and the loop of the first bead rests right against the edge of the curved jaw of the pliers. You will hold your pliers in this position until you cross the wire over to begin the wrap. Once that is accomplished, you can return the pliers to their former position and finish the wrap. This step may take a little practice, but will get much easier after you have completed several wraps.


## Sticp 11

Now, repeat steps 5-8 to complete the loop on the other side of the second bead. As you can see in bottom right photo, you now have two beads linked together securely with two consistently sized, beautifully formed loops. Repeat this process until your bracelet is the desired length.

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## Step 12

Once your bracelet is fitted to the correct size, count the number of beads in your bracelet. You will cut the same number of $31 / 2$ inch wires. Starting with a flush cut end, it is quick and easy to flush cut the second end of your wire directly against the ruler as shown.

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Now, using the Baby Wubbers Flat Nose Pliers, grasp the loop and begin to coil the wire, stopping just short of the bend in the wire. Insert the straight end of the wire through the end loop of the bracelet chain made previously.


Coil the second end of the wire, again stopping just short of the bend. You will continue putting one coil in between each two beads. Insert the coil through the loop closest to the second bead as shown. Holding the bracelet vertically, consistantly place the coil into the top loop of each consecutive component.

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