Sorrento Scroll Bracelet



- (2 feet for a 7 ½ inch bracelet)
- 18-gauge, 3.5mm sterling silver jump rings (14 to 16, or two to connect each link)

- Wubbers Medium Bail Making Pliers (for forming the links)
- Wubbers Classic Narrow Flat Nose Pliers (for closing jump rings)
- Wubbers Classic Chain Nose Pliers or Bent Chain Nose Pliers (for closing jump rings)
- Italian Heavy Duty Flush Cutters
- Polished Steel Block
- Fretz Precsionsmith Planishing Hammer or Polished, **Dome-Faced Chasing Hammer**

Optional

- LortoneTumbler
- Stainless Steel Jeweler's Grade Shot
- Shine Brite Burnishing Compound



Please remember to always wear safety glasses when working with wire.

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with Pendant

Sorrento Scroll Chain

Light and elegant, the Sorrento Scroll Bracelet is quick and easy to make and takes only a few supplies and tools. To shape your links for this bracelet, all you need is a pair of Wubbers Medium Bail Making Pliers. Much simpler than using a jig, your Wubbers Medium Bail Making Pliers will effectively do all the shaping and measuring for you—there's no need to measure your wire! Your bracelet will be cleverly clasped with a matching hook that blends right into the bracelet design. Prepare to make several of these beauties—they are fun to make and are great gifts too!

Flush Cutting Your Wire

For this pattern, there is no need to precut measured lengths of wire. You will work directly off the recommended twofoot piece of 16-gauge wire, which will eliminate virtually all waste. First, flush cut one end of your 16-gauge wire. To do this, place the flat side of the jaws of the Italian Heavy Duty Flush Cutter toward the part of the wire that you are going to "keep."

Make your jewelry look nicer and significantly reduce filing time by investing in a quality pair of flush cutters such as the Italian Heavy Duty Flush Cutters. A nice flush cut should be flat, with no points or jagged edges.





Formatting the First Loop of the Link Grip the flush cut end of the wire between



the jaws of the Wubbers Classic Medium Bail you are about to form is round rather than a shows the finished loop.



teardrop shape. Begin to form a loop around Making Pliers. Make sure that the wire is the larger jaw of the pliers (2B), adjusting the not extended beyond the jaws of your pliers position of the jaws on the wire as needed (photo 2A). This will ensure that the loop that to comfortably complete the loop. Photo 2C



Forming the Second Loop To form the center loop of each link, you will the wire around the small jaw, continuing to



be wrapping around the smaller jaw of the place the larger jaw of your pliers right next to in Photo 3C. the first loop as show in Photo 3A. Then, rotate



wrap until there are 1 1/2 revolutions (3B). Wubbers Medium Bail Making Pliers. First, The wire should now be postioned as shown



Forming he Third Loop



To form the last loop of the link, wrap around as the first loop (4A). Rotate the wire around like Photo 4C.



the larger jaw of the Wubbers Medium Bail the large jaw of the pliers, crossing it under Making Pliers. Position your pliers as shown, itself so that the loop is closed (4B). Remove with the large jaw on the same side of the wire the link from the jaw of the pliers. It should like



Trimming the Third Loop



Flush cut the wire as close to where it crosses closed. To do this, gently swing the loop back need to complete 7 links.



itself as possible. Once the wire is cut, use and forth as you gradually close up the space, your Classic Wubbers Narrow Flat nose pliers much in the same manner as you would close to adjust the loop such that it is completely a jump ring. For a 7 ½ inch bracelet, you will



Starting the Clasp--Forming the Hook

Flush cut the end of the wire and then make a round loop using the smaller jaw of the that the loop is touching or snug against the



Wubbers Medium Bail Making Pliers (Photo larger jaw (6B). Roll the pliers away from you, the loop in the jaws of the pliers, making sure make a hook (6C).



6A). Holding your pliers as demonstrated forming the the wire around the smaller jaw with the larger jaw facing toward you, place of the Wubbers Medium Bail Making Pliers to





Making the Small Loop of the Clasp With the larger jaw of the pliers closest to



you, grip the wire so that the jaws are even with the edge of the first loop as shown in Photo 7A. Begin to rotate the pliers away



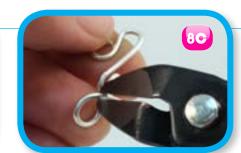
from you and roll the wire around the smaller jaw (7B) until it is positioned as shown in Photo 7C.













Finishing the Clasp

Positioning the pliers as shown in Photo 8A, form the last loop of the clasp using the same method as described in Steps 4 and 5. Once the wire is crossed (8B), flush cut the wire as close to where it crosses as possible (8C), then use your Classic Wubbers Narrow Flat nose pliers to close the loop (8D). Photo 8E shows the finished hook.



Arrange all the links and the clasp on your work surface so that the loops are turned with all cut sides in the same direction (i.e., both cut ends of each link are along the lower

side of the photo). The hook also should be turned the same direction as the links. This step is important so that you can determine the "right" side of each link as well as which end of the bracelet will work best for attaching the hook clasp.







Hammering and Texturing the Links

Place a link on a polished steel block, right side up. You may find it helpful (and ultimately less painful!) to hold half of the link off the side of the block so your fingers are safe and each end of the link sits flat as you hammer. Using the curved face of



Fretz Precisionsmith Planishing Hammer lightly tap each end of the link to widen and flatten it, taking care not to overwork and distort the shape of the link (Photo 10A). This hammer is a perfect size for working with these links, and will flatten and add texture in the same step. If using a polished, dome faced chasing hammer, use the larger face to gently flatten the link, then



the balled end to add a light hammered texture. Repeat the hammering/texturing process for each link and the clasp as well.

Once the links are hammered and textured, use your Wubbers Medium Bail Making Pliers to add a slight curve to each link (10B & 10C). This will make the bracelet lay nicely on the wrist.





Open all of the 18-gauge, 3.5mm jump rings by twisting them as shown in Photo 11A. It will save time if you make it a habit to open



the jump rings in the same direction each time. I am right-handed, and for most designs, I like to open the rings so that the left side is further from me while the right side is closer. I have found that it is easier and faster to assemble my work when the jump rings



are all opened the same direction. Join each of the links and attach the clasp with two 18-gauge, 3.5mm id jump rings, making sure to connect the links with the right side turned the same direction (11B & 11C).





Step 12

Adjusting the Size of the Hook

If you find that the loop on the hook is slightly larger than will fit through the appropriate link on the opposite end of the bracelet, it is quite easy to make the needed adjustment. Holding the hook as shown in Photo 12A, flush cut a tiny piece of silver off of the loop as shown. Then gradually reclose the loop using a back and forth motion so as not to distort it (12B).

Step 13

The Final Touch

Having used a polished steel block and polished hammer makes the finishing work so easy. Check your bracelet for rough edges and adjust any links or jump rings as needed. To add an extra sparkle and a silky smooth feel to your Sorrento Scroll Bracelet, tumble polish in a Lortone Tumbler with Premium Jewelers' Mix Stainless Steel and Shine Brite Burnishing Compound.